STATE OF DELAWARE
OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET
OFFICE OF STATE PLANNING COORDINATION

August 19, 2026

CDA Engineering, Inc.
Attn: Colmcille DeAscanis
6 Larch Ave #401,
Wilmington, DE 19804

RE: PLUS review – 2026-07-04; Fox Run Business Center

Dear Mr. DeAscanis:

Thank you for meeting with State agency planners on July 29th, 2026 to discuss Fox Run Business Center. According to the information received, you are seeking review of a proposed mixed use site plan for 71 townhome units and a 53,600 SF rehabilitation hospital.

Please note that changes to the plan, other than those suggested in this letter, could result in additional comments from the State. Additionally, these comments reflect only issues that are the responsibility of the agencies represented at the meeting. **The developers will also need to comply with any Federal, State, and local regulations regarding this property. We also note that New Castle County is the governing authority over this land, the developers will need to comply with any and all regulations/restrictions set forth by the County.**

Strategies for State Policies and Spending

This project is located in a Level 1 and Level 2 investment area, which is consistent with the 2025 Strategies for State Policies and Spending.

Investment Level 1 reflects areas that are already developed in an urban or suburban fashion, where infrastructure is existing or readily available, and where future redevelopment or infill projects are expected and encouraged by State policy. Investment Level 2 reflects areas where growth is anticipated by local, county, and State plans in the near-term future. Because development in Levels 1 and 2 is consistent with the 2025 Strategies for State Policies and Spending, the Office of State Planning Coordination supports this site plan.

Code Requirements/Agency Permitting Requirements

Department of Transportation – Contact Stephen Bayer 302-760-4834

- As discussed with the applicant during the PLUS meeting the entrances proposed are on to a private driveway. As such, DelDOT does not have regulatory comments related to the proposed entrances.

- As necessary, in accordance with Section 3.2.5 and Figure 3.2.5-a of the Development Coordination Manual, DelDOT will require dedication of right-of-way along the site's frontage. By this regulation, this dedication is to provide a minimum of 30 feet of right-of-way from the physical centerline of all State maintained roads. The following right-of-way dedication note is required, "**An 30-foot wide strip of right-of-way from the centerline is hereby dedicated in fee simple to the State of Delaware, acting by and through the Delaware Department of Transportation."**

- Section 3.5.4.2 of the Development Coordination Manual addresses requirements for Shared Use Paths (SUP) and sidewalks. For projects in Level 2 Investment Areas, installation of paths or sidewalks along the frontage on State-maintained roads is required. DelDOT anticipates requiring an SUP along the site frontage on Rue Madora Drive.

- In accordance with Section 3.2.5.1.2 of the Manual, DelDOT will require the establishment of a 15-foot wide permanent easement across the property frontage with State maintained roadways. The location of the easement shall be outside the limits of the ultimate right-of-way. The easement area can be used as part of the open space calculation for the site. The following note is required, "**A 15-foot wide permanent easement is hereby dedicated in fee simple to the State of Delaware, acting by and through the Delaware Department of Transportation."**

- In accordance with Section 3.8 of the Manual, storm water facilities, excluding filter strips and bioswales, shall be located a minimum of 20 feet from the ultimate State right-of-way along all State maintained roads.

Department of Natural Resources and Environmental Control – Contact Beth Krumrine 302-735-3480

Staff from the Delaware Department of Natural Resources and Environmental Control (DNREC) reviewed the project submitted for PLUS review. The absence of comments regarding specific resources does not indicate that there are not additional constraints or environmental issues on site, nor does it indicate DNREC support of a project.

Wetlands and Waterways
Maps from the Statewide Wetlands Mapping Project indicate the potential presence of non-tidal wetlands in the southwestern portion of the site. The application indicates that wetlands have been delineated. The application states that the project does not propose direct impacts to the wetlands.

- If plans change and wetlands are disturbed, please contact the Wetlands and Waterways Section for more information on permitting requirements.

State Contact: DNREC Wetlands and Waterways Section at (302) 739-9943.
Website: https://dnrec.delaware.gov/water/wetlands/

Wastewater Disposal Systems – Large Systems
For wastewater conveyance offsite by way of a new sewer connection, flow rates exceeding 2,500 gallons of liquid waste per day will require a Wastewater Pollution Collection and Conveyance (WPCC) permit from the Commercial and Government Services section.

Contact: DNREC Commercial and Government Services Section at (302) 739-9948.
Website: https://dnrec.delaware.gov/water/commercial-government/

Stormwater Management
The project proposes greater than 5,000 square feet of land disturbing activities and will be subject to Delaware's *Sediment and Stormwater Regulations*.

- A Sediment and Stormwater Plan must be developed, then approved by the appropriate plan review agency, prior to any land disturbing activity taking place on the site. For this project, the plan review agency is the New Castle County Department of Land Use.

- Additionally, to address federal requirements, construction activities that exceed 1.0 acre of land disturbance require Construction General Permit coverage through submittal of an electronic Notice of Intent for Stormwater Discharges Associated with Construction Activity. This form must be submitted electronically https://enoi.dnrec.delaware.gov/, (select Construction Stormwater General Permit) to the DNREC Division of Watershed Stewardship, along with the $195 fee.

- Schedule a project application meeting with the appropriate plan review agency prior to moving forward with the stormwater and site design. As part of this process, you must submit a Stormwater Assessment Study.

Plan review agency contact: New Castle County Department of Land Use at (302) 395-5400.
Website: https://www.newcastlede.gov/2420/Land-Use

General Stormwater contact: DNREC Sediment and Stormwater Program at (302) 739-9921.

E-mail: DNREC.Stormwater@delaware.gov.
Website: https://dnrec.delaware.gov/watershed-stewardship/sediment-stormwater/

Solar-Ready Roof Requirements
Solar-ready roof zones are now required for new construction commercial buildings with a foundation footprint of 50,000 square feet or more, under 7 DE Admin. Code 2101 *Regulations for State Energy Conservation Code*, which incorporates Appendix CB – Solar Ready Zone with amendments. This requirement is effective April 11, 2026 and supersedes 16 Del. C. § 7605- § 7606, which sunset upon DNREC's publication of notice that Appendix CB meets or exceeds its standards. County and municipal building codes must incorporate the updated code by April 11, 2027.

Requirements are summarized below. Consult 7 DE Admin. Code 2101, Appendix CB, directly for further details.

- A "solar-ready zone" means a section or sections of the roof or building overhang designated and reserved for the future installation of solar photovoltaic or solar thermal system.

- A solar-ready zone shall be located on the roof of buildings that are 5 stories or less in height above grade plane and are oriented between 110 degrees and 270 degrees of true north or have low-slope roofs.

- The total solar-ready zone area shall not be less than 40% of the roof area calculated as the horizontally-projected gross roof area less the area covered by skylights, occupied roof decks, vegetative roof areas, and mandatory access or set back areas, as required by the International Fire Code.

- Solar-ready zones shall be free from obstructions, including pipes, vents, ducts, HVAC equipment, skylights, and roof-mounted equipment. Solar-ready zones may be relocated to allow future installation of roof equipment as long as the 40 percent minimum allocation is maintained.

- Construction documents shall indicate the solar-ready zone.

Contact: DNREC Division of Climate, Coastal & Energy, Energy Section at (302) 735-3480.
Website: https://dnrec.delaware.gov/climate-coastal-energy/energy-office/

Electric Vehicle Charging Requirements
Electric vehicle charging infrastructure is now required new residential construction in Delaware under 7 DE Admin. Code 2101 *Regulations for State Energy Conservation Code*, which incorporates Appendix RE – Electric Vehicle Charging Infrastructure with amendments. This

requirement is effective April 11, 2026 and supersedes 16 Del. C. § 8001- § 8006, which sunset upon DNREC's publication of notice that Appendix RE meets or exceeds its standards. County and municipal building and plumbing codes must incorporate the updated code by April 11, 2027.

Requirements are summarized below. Consult 7 DE Admin. Code 2101, Appendix RE, directly for further details.

- For multi-family dwellings classified as R-2 occupancies by the International Building Code (IBC): parking shall be provided with an electric vehicle-ready space or electric vehicle supply equipment space for 20% of the dwelling units or parking spaces, whichever is less.

- At least 1 electric vehicle equipment supply space must be in an area available for use by all residents of the R-2 occupancy. The electric vehicle equipment supply space must be accessible by an individual with a disability.

- Construction documents must indicate the location of proposed electric vehicle supply equipment spaces and electric vehicle-ready spaces.

Contact: DNREC Division of Climate, Coastal & Energy, Energy Section at (302) 735-3480.
Website: https://dnrec.delaware.gov/climate-coastal-energy/energy-office/

Air Quality – Particulate Emissions
Particulate emissions are regulated by DNREC's Division of Air Quality. To control particulate emissions from construction and materials handling operations, the following is required:

- The applicant must use dust suppressants and other measures during demolition activities, grading, land clearing, excavation of non-paved roads, material movement or storage, and sandblasting activities.

Contact: DNREC Division of Air Quality at (302) 739-9402.
Website: https://dnrec.delaware.gov/air/permitting/

Delaware Emergency Management Agency – Contact Tara Wilbur 302-659-2325

Proposed Project Parcel Flood Concern

- This parcel is located within an area of **Minimal Flood Concern of 1000 years or greater**.

Parcel Status within County Evacuation Zone Location

- The parcel is not yet located within the New Castle County Evacuation Zone.

Parcel Status within the 10-mile Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) for the Salem Nuclear Power Plant

- The parcel **is not** located within the 10-mile EPZ for the Salem Nuclear Power Plant.

State Historic Preservation Office – Contact Carlton Hall 302-736-7400

- The New Castle and Frenchtown Railroad, which is listed in the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP), ran through the southern half of the parcel, although it is unknown if any portion of it is extant. The Delaware SHPO recommends a review of the parcel for resources related to the New Castle Frenchtown Railroad prior to any ground disturbing activities.
- If there is federal involvement, in the form of licenses, permits, or funds, the federal agency, often through its client, is responsible for complying with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act (36 CFR 800) and must consider their project's effects on any known or potential cultural or historic resources. For further information or additional details pertaining to the Section 106 process and the Advisory Council's role; please review the Advisory Council's website at the following: https://www.achp.gov/protecting-historic-properties/section-106-process/introduction-section-106.

If there are any questions, inquiries, or concerns, feel free to contact the Delaware State Historic Preservation Office for assistance at 302-736-7400.

Delaware State Fire Marshall's Office – Contact Duane Fox 302-739-4394
This document is for information purposes only and does not constitute any type of approval from the Delaware State Fire Marshal's Office.

At the time of formal submittal, the applicant shall provide; completed application, fee, and three sets of plans depicting the following in accordance with the Delaware State Fire Prevention Regulation (DSFPR):

Fire Protection Water Requirements:

- Water distribution system capable of delivering at least 1000 gpm for 1-hour duration, at 20-psi residual pressure is required. Fire hydrants with 800 feet spacing on centers. (Health Care and Townhouses)

- Where a water distribution system is proposed for single-family dwellings, it shall be capable of delivering at least 500 gpm for 1-hour duration, at 20-psi residual pressure. Fire hydrants with 800 feet spacing on centers are required. (One & Two- Family Dwelling)

- One- and Two-Family dwellings are required by law to offer the homeowner an automatic sprinkler system, therefore infrastructure should accommodate water needs.

- Where a water distribution system is proposed for the site, the infrastructure for fire protection water shall be provided, including the size of water mains for fire hydrants and sprinkler systems.

Fire Protection Features:

- All structures over 10,000 Sq. Ft. aggregate will require automatic sprinkler protection installed.

- Buildings greater than 10,000 sqft, 3-stories or more, over 35 feet, or classified as High Hazard, are required to meet fire lane marking requirements

- Show Fire Department Connection location (Must be within 300 feet of fire hydrant), and detail as shown in the DSFPR.

- Show Fire Lanes and Sign Detail as shown in DSFPR

- For townhouse buildings, provide a section / detail and the UL design number of the 2-hour fire rated separation wall on the Site plan.

Accessibility

- All premises, which the fire department may be called upon to protect in case of fire, and which are not readily accessible from public roads, shall be provided with suitable gates and access roads, and fire lanes so that all buildings on the premises are accessible to fire apparatus. This means that the access road to the subdivision from Wrangle Hill and Sunset Lake Roads must be constructed so fire department apparatus may negotiate it.

- Fire department access shall be provided in such a manner so that fire apparatus will be able to locate within 100 ft. of the front door.

- Any dead-end road more than 300 feet in length shall be provided with a turn-around or cul-de-sac arranged such that fire apparatus will be able to turn around by making not more than one backing maneuver. The minimum paved radius of the cul-de-sac shall be 38 feet. The dimensions of the cul-de-sac or turn-around shall be shown on the final plans. Also, please be advised that parking is prohibited in the cul-de-sac or turn around.

- The use of speed bumps or other methods of traffic speed reduction must be in accordance with Department of Transportation requirements.

- The local Fire Chief, prior to any submission to our Agency, shall approve in writing the use of gates that limit fire department access into and out of the development or property.

Gas Piping and System Information:

- Provide type of fuel proposed and show locations of bulk containers on plan.

Required Notes:

- Provide a note on the final plans submitted for review to read “All fire lanes, fire hydrants, and fire department connections shall be marked in accordance with the Delaware State Fire Prevention Regulations”
- Proposed Use
- Alpha or Numerical Labels for each building/unit for sites with multiple buildings/units
- Square footage of each structure (Total of all Floors)
- National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Construction Type
- Maximum Height of Buildings (including number of stories)
- Townhouse 2-hr separation wall details shall be shown on site plans
- Note indicating if building is to be sprinklered
- Name of Water Provider
- Letter from Water Provider approving the system layout
- Provide Lock Box Note (as detailed in DSFPR) if Building is to be sprinklered
- Provide Road Names, even for County Roads

Recommendations/Additional Information

This section includes a list of site-specific suggestions that are intended to enhance the project. These suggestions have been generated by the State Agencies based on their expertise and subject area knowledge. **These suggestions do not represent State code requirements.** They are offered here in order to provide proactive ideas to help the applicant enhance the site design, and it is hoped **(but in no way required)** that the applicant will open a dialogue with the relevant agencies to discuss how these suggestions can benefit the project.

Department of Transportation – Contact Stephen Bayer 302-760-4834

- The applicant should expect a requirement that all PLUS and Technical Advisory Committee (TAC) comments be addressed prior to submitting plans for review.

- Please be advised that the Standard General Notes have been updated and posted to the DelDOT website. Please begin using the new versions and look for the revision dates of March 21, 2019 and March 16, 2021. The notes can be found at https://www.deldot.gov/Business/subdivisions/

- This project is located primarily in Investment Level 1 according to the 2025 State Strategies for Policy and Spending. In Investment Level 1 DelDOT prioritizes improving safety; expanding access to transit, pedestrian, and bicycle facilities; supporting economic development; and strengthening connections among existing, redeveloping, and new neighborhoods, public facilities, and commercial areas. This project is generally aligned with these policy priorities.

Department of Natural Resources and Environmental Control – Contact Beth Krumrine 302-735-3480

Removal of Forest

The preliminary plan proposes the elimination of approximately 3 of 5 acres of forest on the site. Forests filter water for improved water quality, provide habitat for wildlife, absorb nutrients, infiltrate stormwater, moderate temperatures, and store atmospheric carbon which would otherwise contribute to climate change.

- Removing forested areas for development should be avoided to the greatest extent possible. Resource protection standards in New Castle County may apply, and a forest assessment may be required. Contact the New Castle County Department of Land Use for more information at 302-395-5555 or propertymaintenance@newcastlede.gov.

- If a forest assessment is performed, DNREC's Division of Fish and Wildlife requests the applicant also provide a copy of the assessment to DNREC_EnvReview@delaware.gov.

- In general, contiguous forest and connected areas of natural habitat are more beneficial to wildlife, allowing for safer movement from one area to another while reducing roadway mortality.

- To reduce impacts to nesting birds and other wildlife species that utilize forests for breeding, it is recommended that tree clearing not occur from April 1st to July 31st.

Contact: DNREC Division of Fish and Wildlife, Species Conservation and Research Program at (302) 735-3600. Website: https://dnrec.delaware.gov/fish-wildlife/contact-information/

Forested Wetlands and Vegetated Buffer Zones

Maps from the Statewide Wetlands Mapping Project indicate the potential presence of forested wetlands on the southwestern portion of the site. This habitat type is known to support an array of plants and animals, most notably wetland dependent species such as amphibians.

To reduce impacts to these species, the following is recommended:

- Do not disturb forested wetlands. Increase the upland buffer to at least 100 feet along all wetlands, waterways, and sensitive habitats, including those containing existing forest or natural vegetative cover.

- Vegetated buffer zones should be identified outside of the Limit of Disturbance on the engineering plans.

- Maintain vegetated buffer zones as native species meadows or forest.

- Vegetated buffer zones should be deeded as community open space and not contained within any lot lines. Signage should be installed at the edge and within the buffer zones to deter residents from encroaching into these common areas.

- Maintain habitat connections to undeveloped open space, which are especially important for species movement across the landscape.

Contact: DNREC Division of Fish and Wildlife, Species Conservation and Research Program at (302) 735-3600. Website: https://dnrec.delaware.gov/fish-wildlife/conservation/

Stormwater Management

- Where the site and soil conditions allow, integrate runoff reduction techniques including infiltration basins, bioretention (rain gardens), filter strips, and pavers to encourage on-site stormwater infiltration and reduce runoff.

- For improved stormwater management, preserve existing trees, wetlands, and passive open space.

Plan review agency contact: New Castle County Department of Land Use at (302) 395-5400.
Website: https://www.newcastlede.gov/2420/Land-Use

General stormwater contact: DNREC Sediment and Stormwater Program at (302) 739-9921.
E-mail: DNREC.Stormwater@delaware.gov.
Website: https://dnrec.delaware.gov/watershed-stewardship/sediment-stormwater/

Air Quality – Design to Minimize Mobile Source Emissions
Mobile sources include a variety of motor vehicles and mobile equipment that generate air emissions, such as ozone, particle pollution, and air toxics. The DNREC Mobile Sources Control Program reduces motor vehicle-related pollution from both on-road vehicles and non-road vehicles.

- This site lies within New Castle County. Ambient air quality in this area may not meet Federal Air Quality Standards.

- Consider designing the project to connect to local pedestrian and bicycle networks, as well as public transit. The closest bus stop appears to be less than 1 mile from this site. Designing for travel alternatives has the potential to minimize the overall tailpipe emissions associated with the use of this site.
- Consider designing the project for low maintenance green spaces. Designing green spaces to be less dependent on gas-powered lawn and garden equipment has the potential to minimize emissions associated with the on-going maintenance of this site.

Contact: DNREC Division of Air Quality's Mobile Sources Program at (302) 739-9402.
Website: https://dnrec.delaware.gov/air/mobile-sources/

Sustainable Practices

- Use renewable energy infrastructure such as solar or geothermal on the proposed residential buildings, to reduce energy costs and further reduce pollution created from offsite generation. Grant funds and incentives are available for Delmarva Power customers through the DNREC Green Energy Fund, which includes several funding types through the state's major electric utilities (https://dnrec.delaware.gov/climate-coastal-energy/renewable/assistance/).

- Use efficient Energy Star rated products and materials in construction and redevelopment. Energy efficient appliances use less energy over time. This saves consumers and businesses money, while also helping to reduce pollution from power generation.

- Consider installing electric vehicle charging stations for visitors/employees of the proposed rehabilitation hospital. Installation costs can vary significantly depending on the parking and electricity distribution at a given location, so it is often easier and cheaper to plan for the installation at construction, rather than doing costly retrofits later. The DNREC Division of Climate, Coastal and Energy offers rebates of up to 75% of the cost of purchasing and installing the charging station for commercial properties. These programs address climate change goals of reducing greenhouse gas emissions and improving overall air quality (https://dnrec.delaware.gov/climate-coastal-energy/clean-transportation/).

- Incorporate nonmotorized connectivity and install bicycle racks and covered bike storage for the residential buildings where feasible to help facilitate non-vehicular travel modes. Reviewers acknowledge that bicycle racks are proposed for the rehabilitation hospital.

- Consider planting select areas with native trees. Native trees improve air, water, and soil quality. Planting and nurturing trees is also a nature-based solution to reducing the greenhouse gases that drive climate change. In addition, native trees have an increasingly important role in the survival of native birds and beneficial insects whose habitat is shrinking due to development and climate change.

- Consider planting select areas with meadow comprised of native species. Native plants are well-suited to our climate and require limited maintenance. Mowing in these areas should not occur between April 1st to July 31st to reduce impacts to nesting birds and other wildlife species that utilize meadows and grasslands for breeding habitat.

- Use structural paint coatings that are low in Volatile Organic Compounds to help protect air quality. Air pollution from new construction is generated through the use of maintenance equipment, paints, and consumer products like roof coatings and primers.

- Use recycled materials, such as reclaimed asphalt pavement, to reduce heat island effects on paved surfaces, prevent landfill waste, and lower material costs.

Contact: DNREC Division of Climate, Coastal & Energy at (302) 735-3480.
Website: https://dnrec.delaware.gov/climate-coastal-energy/

Delaware Emergency Management Agency – Contact Tara Wilbur 302-659-2325

Population

- The county has a population density of 1,321.50 per square mile based on the US 2020 Census report; an increase from 2010 at 1,241.00 persons per square mile. The specific census block(s) the project is located on has a total population of 158, though, with development, this will undoubtedly change. The 11 adjacent blocks aggregated bring the area to a total population of 2777.

FEMA National Risk Index

- The FEMA National Risk Index is an online mapping application that identifies communities most at risk to 18 natural hazards: Avalanche, Coastal Flooding, Cold Wave, Drought, Earthquake, Hal, Heat Wave, Hurricane, Ice Storm, Landslide, Lightning, Riverine Flooding, Strong Wind, Tornado, Tsunami, Volcanic Activity, Wildfire, and Winter Weather. The FEMA National Risk Index is calculated by multiplying the Expected Annual Loss times the Social Vulnerability and dividing that by the Community Resilience.



- According to FEMA's National Risk Index, the parcel **is** considered **relatively moderate** for overall natural hazards risks.

- Community Resilience is a consequence reduction risk component and a community risk factor that represents the ability of a community to prepare for anticipated natural hazards, adapt to changing conditions and withstand/recover rapidly from disruptions. Social Vulnerability is a consequence-enhancing risk factor that represents the susceptibility of social groups to the adverse impacts of natural hazards.

- Its community resilience is rated as **relatively high** whereas its social vulnerability is rated as **very low.**

Renewable Energy Commitment

- Regarding energy use and consumption, the census tract utilizes **utility gas** as the predominant fuel type for heating purposes. However, **electricity** is a close second in fuel type for heating purposes.

- DEMA strongly encourages the use of renewable energies and high-efficiency appliances and utilities. Regarding utilities, DEMA suggests incorporating 90% series furnaces/HVAC systems; the closer to 99%, the better, as well as A/C units of 20 Seer or greater. DEMA recommends using tankless water heaters, and battery backup systems for sump pumps to reduce potential water damage from power failure. Lastly, DEMA encourages the integration of modern and emerging technologies, such as the potential for electric vehicles in garages/parking lots, green roofs or solar panels where applicable and allowable, and the like.

Delaware State Housing Authority - Contact Cole Shultz 302-574-3659

- DSHA supports this proposal as it will bring much needed housing online in a mixed-use context. The addition of 71 market-rate townhouses on a presently vacant parcel aligns with DSHA goals of developing more dense and sustainable housing options on infill sites.

- However, we note that the project is located in a "Stable" market-affordability area and that there are no affordable housing units nearby. We would appreciate the inclusion of some affordable units within this project, as these "Stable" areas should be served by a diverse array of housing options, including affordable rental units. These units could be targeted at the employees of the proposed rehabilitation hospital, further strengthening the colocation of these two buildings.

- Indeed, we recommend that as this development progresses, the marketing strategy focuses on potential renters who could benefit the most from these developments, including hospital employees and other local workers.

If you have questions or would like more information on the above recommendations, please contact me at Cole.Shultz@delaware.gov or at ext. 302-574-3659.

Delaware State Fire Marshall's Office – Contact Duane Fox 302-739-4394
Preliminary meetings with fire protection specialists are encouraged prior to formal submittal. Please call for appointment. Applications and brochures can be downloaded from our website: www.statefiremarshal.delaware.gov, technical services link, plan review, applications or brochures.

Fire Department Comments:

- The volunteer fire department is obligated to provide Fire and EMS service to this property. In addition**,** new developments in their Fire and EMS district have put a financial strain on their volunteer fire service. As their call volume increases yearly due to the unprecedented growth within the service area, current funding does not keep up with development within the district. State, County, and Local funding does not keep up with

the growth of the fire district, so the developer and future residents need to help financially support the Volunteer Fire Department. Future residents need to consider joining the fire department to serve their new community.

Following receipt of this letter and upon filing of an application with the local jurisdiction, the applicant shall provide to the local jurisdiction and the Office of State Planning Coordination a written response to comments received as a result of the pre-application process, noting whether comments were incorporated into the project design or not and the reason, therefore.

Thank you for the opportunity to review this project. If you have any questions, please contact me at 302-739-3090.

Sincerely,



David L. Edgell, AICP
Director, Office of State Planning Coordination