STATE OF DELAWARE
OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET
OFFICE OF STATE PLANNING COORDINATION

June 26, 2025

Michael J. Kaszyski, Jr.
Atwell Engineering
17 Polly Drummond Center
Suite 201
Newark, DE 19711

RE: PLUS review – 2025-05-05; Tappahanna at Watson Farm

Dear Mr. Kaszyski:

Thank you for meeting with State agency planners on May 28th, 2025, to discuss Tappahanna at Watson Farm. According to the information received, you are seeking review of a proposed site plan for a concept involving the development of 434 residential units, including multifamily buildings and townhouses.

Please note that changes to the plan, other than those suggested in this letter, could result in additional comments from the State. Additionally, these comments reflect only issues that are the responsibility of the agencies represented at the meeting. **The developers will also need to comply with any Federal, State, and local regulations regarding this property. We also note that Smyrna is the governing authority over this land, the developers will need to comply with any and all regulations/restrictions set forth by the Town.**

Strategies for State Policies and Spending

The proposed development is located in Investment Levels 1, 2, and 3 according to the 2020 Strategies for State Policies and Spending. Duck Creek runs at the southern end of the property and the tidal wetland area causes a sharp transition from Out of Play to Levels 3, 2, and 1. The site plan depicts the lots in the Level 1 area with minor portions of Level 2.

Based on its location in Levels 1-3 investment areas, this project may be consistent with the 2020 Strategies for State Policies and Spending. Investment Level 1 reflects areas that are already developed in an urban or suburban fashion, where infrastructure is existing or readily available, and where future redevelopment or infill projects are expected and encouraged by state policy. Investment Level 2 reflects areas where growth is anticipated by local, county, and state plans in the near-term future. Investment Level 3 reflects areas where growth is anticipated by local, county, and state plans in the longer-term future, or areas that may have

environmental or other constraints to development. Development cannot occur in Out-of-Play areas, and the proposed site plan avoids this area.

Based on comments from state agencies below, this property contains environmental features. Therefore, the state requests that the applicant and the local jurisdiction work with state agencies to design the site with respect to those environmental features which will help create a more sustainable development.

Code Requirements/Agency Permitting Requirements

Department of Transportation – Contact Stephen Bayer 302-760-4834

- Any site access points onto State maintained roads must be designed in accordance with DelDOT's Development Coordination Manual, which is available at http://www.deldot.gov/Business/subdivisions/index.shtml?dc=changes.

- Pursuant to Section 1.3 of the Development Coordination Manual, a Pre-Submittal Meeting is required before plans are submitted for review. The form needed to request the meeting and guidance on what will be covered there and how to prepare for it is located at https://www.deldot.gov/Business/subdivisions/pdfs/Meeting_Request_Form.pdf?08022017.

- In terms of traffic analysis and based on the expected trip generation this project will require a Traffic Impact Study (TIS). According to the information reviewed at the PLUS meeting a TIS is being prepared and reviewed for this location. Please continue that process with DelDOT to identify any necessary frontage or off-site improvements.

- Section 1.7 of the Development Coordination Manual addresses fees that are assessed for the review of development proposals. DelDOT anticipates collecting the Initial Stage Fee when the record plan is submitted for review and the Construction Stage Fee when construction plans are submitted for review.

- As necessary, in accordance with Section 3.2.5 and Figure 3.2.5-a of the Development Coordination Manual, DelDOT will require dedication of right-of-way along the site's frontage. By this regulation, this dedication is to provide a minimum of 30 feet of right-of-way from the physical centerline. The following right-of-way dedication note is required, "**An X-foot wide strip of right-of-way from the centerline is hereby dedicated in fee simple to the State of Delaware, acting by and through the Delaware Department of Transportation."**

- In accordance with Section 3.2.5.1.2 of the Development Coordination Manual, DelDOT will require the establishment of a 15-foot wide permanent easement across the property frontages on all State maintained roadways. The location of the easement shall be outside the limits of the ultimate right-of-way. The easement area can be used as part of the open space calculation for the site. The following note is required, "**A 15-foot wide permanent easement is hereby dedicated in fee simple to the State of Delaware, acting by and through the Delaware Department of Transportation."**

- Referring to Section 3.4.2.1 of the Development Coordination Manual, the following items, among other things, are required on the Record Plan:

    - A Traffic Generation Diagram. See Figure 3.4.2-a for the required format and content.

    - Notes identifying the type of off-site improvements, agreements (signal, letter) contributions and when the off-site improvements are warranted.

- Section 3.5.4.2 of the Development Coordination Manual addresses requirements for Shared Use Paths (SUP) and sidewalks. For projects in Levels 1 or 2 Investment Areas, installation of paths or sidewalks along the frontage on State-maintained roads is required.

- In accordance with Section 3.8 of the Development Coordination Manual, storm water facilities, excluding filter strips and bioswales, shall be located a minimum of 20 feet from the ultimate State right-of-way along all frontage roads.

- In accordance with Section 5.2.9 of the Development Coordination Manual, the Auxiliary Lane Worksheet should be used to determine whether auxiliary lanes are warranted at the site entrances and how long those lanes should be. The worksheet can be found at http://www.deldot.gov/Business/subdivisions/index.shtml.

- In accordance with Section 5.4 of the Development Coordination Manual, sight distance triangles are required and shall be established in accordance with American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO) standards. A spreadsheet has been developed to assist with this task. It can be found at http://www.deldot.gov/Business/subdivisions/index.shtml.

- In accordance with Section 5.14 of the Development Coordination Manual, all existing utilities must be shown on the plan and a utility relocation plan will be required for any utilities that need to be relocated.

Department of Natural Resources and Environmental Control – Contact Beth Krumrine 302-735-3480

Staff from the Delaware Department of Natural Resources and Environmental Control (DNREC) reviewed the project submitted for PLUS review. The absence of comments regarding specific resources does not indicate that there are not additional constraints or environmental issues on site, nor does it indicate DNREC support of a project.

Stormwater Management

The project proposes greater than 5,000 square feet of land disturbing activities and will be subject to Delaware's *Sediment and Stormwater Regulations*.

- A Sediment and Stormwater Plan must be developed, then approved by the appropriate plan review agency, prior to any land disturbing activity taking place on the site. For this project, the plan review agency is the New Castle County Department of Land Use.

- Additionally, to address federal requirements, construction activities that exceed 1.0 acre of land disturbance require Construction General Permit coverage through submittal of an electronic Notice of Intent for Stormwater Discharges Associated with Construction Activity. This form must be submitted electronically https://enoi.dnrec.delaware.gov/, (select Construction Stormwater General Permit) to the DNREC Division of Watershed Stewardship, along with the $195 fee.

- Schedule a project application meeting with the appropriate plan review agency prior to moving forward with the stormwater and site design. As part of this process, you must submit a Stormwater Assessment Study.

Plan review agency contact: New Castle County Department of Land Use at (302) 395-5400.
Website: https://www.newcastlede.gov/2420/Land-Use

General Stormwater contact: DNREC Sediment and Stormwater Program at (302) 739-9921.
E-mail: DNREC.Stormwater@delaware.gov.
Website: https://dnrec.delaware.gov/watershed-stewardship/sediment-stormwater/

Water Resources Protection Area and Excellent Groundwater Recharge Area

A Water Resource Protection Area and Excellent Groundwater Recharge Area is located on the eastern portion of the site. These are the delineated areas which contribute water to a public

water supply. These areas have soils that are conducive to water infiltrating downward from surface water into groundwater. Preservation of these areas is important for replenishing groundwater supplies and ensuring drinking water for future generations.

- Applicants must comply with local ordinances for Water Resource Protection Areas, which normally have requirements limiting the amount of impervious cover and types of land uses that can occur within these areas.

Contact: DNREC Source Water Assessment and Protection Program at (302) 739-9948.
Website: https://dnrec.delaware.gov/water/supply/ground-water-protection/

Wastewater Disposal Systems – Large Systems
For wastewater conveyance offsite by way of a new sewer connection, flow rates exceeding 2,500 gallons of liquid waste per day will require a Wastewater Pollution Collection and Conveyance (WPCC) permit from the Commercial and Government Services section.

Contact: DNREC Commercial and Government Services Section at (302) 739-9948.
Website: https://dnrec.delaware.gov/water/commercial-government/

Special Flood Hazard Area
According to the newest Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRM), the southern portion of this parcel is situated within a Special Flood Hazard Area, specifically within the mapped 100-year floodplain (1% annual chance of flooding). The Special Flood Hazard Area identified on the site lies within zone AE. Although houses are proposed outside of the Special Flood Hazard Area (SFHA), some houses may still be required by lenders to purchase flood insurance, based on the proximity to the SFHA.

The southern portion of this site is also situated within the moderate risk floodplain, or 500-year floodplain (0.2% annual chance of flooding), identified as a shaded zone-X.

- The applicant must comply with the local floodplain ordinance and regulations applicable to development or construction within the 100-year floodplain. In determining the boundary of the floodplain, use the most recent FIRM maps available, which can be found at https://floodplanning.dnrec.delaware.gov/

Contact: DNREC Shoreline and Waterway Management Section at (302) 608-5500.
Website: https://dnrec.delaware.gov/watershed-stewardship/waterways/floodplains/

Wetlands and Waterways

Maps from the Statewide Wetlands Mapping Project indicate the potential presence of tidal wetlands in the southern portion of the site, as well as Duck Creek along the southern property boundary. The application indicates that wetlands have been delineated. The application states that the project does not propose direct impacts to the wetlands/waterways.

State Requirements:

- If plans change and wetlands are disturbed, please contact the Wetlands and Waterways Section for more information on permitting requirements.

State Contact: DNREC Wetlands and Waterways Section at (302) 739-9943.
Website: https://dnrec.delaware.gov/water/wetlands/

Electric Vehicle Charging Requirements

Electric vehicle charging infrastructure is now required for all residential dwellings in Delaware (see 80 Del. Laws, c. 145 § 8001- § 8006) for which:

1. A building permit is issued on or after January 1, 2024 (single family), or
2. The final site plan is approved on or after January 1, 2025 (multi-family).

Requirements are summarized below. Consult the Delaware Code directly for further details.

Multi-family Dwellings, effective 2025:

- The developer of a multi-family residential dwelling shall install electric vehicle parking spaces, where at least 5% of the total parking spaces for the multi-family residential dwelling must be electric vehicle capable parking spaces.
- In addition, a developer of a multi-family residential dwelling shall provide at least one electric vehicle charging infrastructure parking space in an area available for use by all residents of the multi-family residential dwelling (example: community centers).
- Construction documents must indicate the location of proposed electric vehicle charging infrastructure parking spaces and electric vehicle capable parking spaces.
- Parking space dimensions must comply with the county or municipal building code applicable to the multi-family residential dwelling.

Delaware Emergency Management Agency – Contact Phillip Cane 302-659-2325

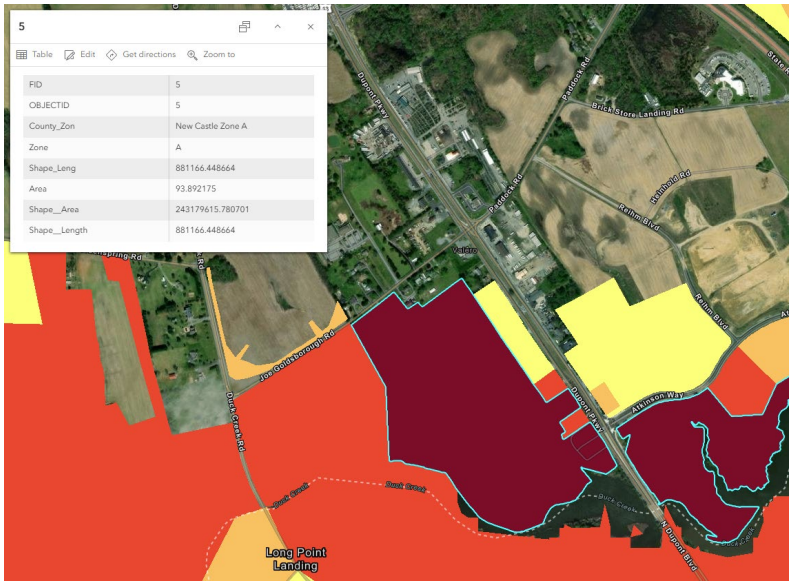
Proposed Project Parcel Flood Concern

- The majority of this parcel is located within an area of **Minimal Flood Concern of 1,000 years or greater**, though there is the flood zone along the entire southern (into eastern

and western) portion of the parcel, which is identified in the submitted drawings with no construction occurring within the flood zone. Caution though is still advised when constructing near 100-year flood plains.

Parcel Status within County Evacuation Zone Location

- The parcel is located within New Castle County's Evacuation Zone A.



Parcel Status within the 10-mile Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) for the Salem Nuclear Power Plant

- The parcel **is not** located within the 10-mile EPZ for the Salem Nuclear Power Plant.

<u>State Historic Preservation Office – Contact Carlton Hall 302-736-7400</u>

- There are no known archaeological sites or known historic or eligible properties on the parcel. Soils in the upland area are well drained, transitioning to poorly drained as they lower in elevation closer to the creek. This suggests a higher potential for precontact settlement.

- There are many sites within a mile of the parcel, including many along Duck Creek. These sites have recovered precontact materials including flakes, points and fire cracked rock, suggesting settlement to some degree. There was a property/structure in the northern portion from at least the 1960s that was demolished sometime after 2017 based on aerials. The parcel has high potential for precontact archaeological resources. SHPO archaeologists recommend an archaeological survey prior to any ground disturbing activities.

If there are any questions, inquiries, or concerns, feel free to contact the Delaware State Historic Preservation Office for assistance at 302-736-7400.

Delaware State Fire Marshall's Office – Contact Duane Fox 302-739-4394
This document is for information purposes only and does not constitute any type of approval from the Delaware State Fire Marshal's Office.

At the time of formal submittal, the applicant shall provide; completed application, fee, and three sets of plans depicting the following in accordance with the Delaware State Fire Prevention Regulation (DSFPR):

Fire Protection Water Requirements:

- Water distribution system capable of delivering at least 1,000 gpm for 1-hour duration, at 20-psi residual pressure is required. Fire hydrants with 800 feet spacing on centers. (Apartments and Townhouses)
- One- and Two-Family dwellings are required by law to offer the homeowner an automatic sprinkler system, therefore infrastructure should accommodate water needs.
- Where a water distribution system is proposed for the site, the infrastructure for fire protection water shall be provided, including the size of water mains for fire hydrants and sprinkler systems.

Fire Protection Features:

- All structures over 10,000 sq. ft. aggregate will require automatic sprinkler protection installed.
- Buildings greater than 10,000 sq. ft., 3-stories or more, over 35 feet, or classified as High Hazard, are required to meet fire lane marking requirements
- Show Fire Department Connection location (Must be within 300 feet of fire hydrant), and detail as shown in the DSFPR.
- Show Fire Lanes and Sign Detail as shown in DSFPR.
- For townhouse buildings, provide a section / detail and the UL design number of the 2-hour fire rated separation wall on the site plan.
- Residential sprinklers are suggested in all dwelling units in DE.

Accessibility

- All premises, which the fire department may be called upon to protect in case of fire, and which are not readily accessible from public roads, shall be provided with suitable

gates and access roads, and fire lanes so that all buildings on the premises are accessible to fire apparatus. This means that the access road to the subdivision from Joe Goldsborough Road must be constructed so fire department apparatus may negotiate it.

- Fire department access shall be provided in such a manner so that fire apparatus will be able to locate within 100 ft. of the front door.
- Any dead-end road more than 300 feet in length shall be provided with a turn-around or cul-de-sac arranged such that fire apparatus will be able to turn around by making not more than one backing maneuver. The minimum paved radius of the cul-de-sac shall be 38 feet. The dimensions of the cul-de-sac or turn-around shall be shown on the final plans. Also, please be advised that parking is prohibited in the cul-de-sac or turn around.
- The use of speed bumps or other methods of traffic speed reduction must be in accordance with Department of Transportation requirements.
- The local Fire Chief, prior to any submission to our Agency, shall approve in writing the use of gates that limit fire department access into and out of the development or property.

Gas Piping and System Information:

- Provide type of fuel proposed and show locations of bulk containers on plan.

Required Notes:

- Provide a note on the final plans submitted for review to read “All fire lanes, fire hydrants, and fire department connections shall be marked in accordance with the Delaware State Fire Prevention Regulations.”
- Proposed Use
- Alpha or Numerical Labels for each building/unit for sites with multiple buildings/units
- Square footage of each structure (Total of all Floors)
- National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Construction Type
- Maximum Height of Buildings (including number of stories)
- Townhouse 2-hr separation wall details shall be shown on site plans
- Note indicating if building is to be sprinklered
- Name of Water Provider
- Letter from Water Provider approving the system layout

- Provide Lock Box Note (as detailed in DSFPR) if Building is to be sprinklered
- Provide Road Names, even for County Roads

Recommendations/Additional Information

This section includes a list of site-specific suggestions that are intended to enhance the project. These suggestions have been generated by the State Agencies based on their expertise and subject area knowledge. **These suggestions do not represent State code requirements.** They are offered here in order to provide proactive ideas to help the applicant enhance the site design, and it is hoped **(but in no way required)** that the applicant will open a dialogue with the relevant agencies to discuss how these suggestions can benefit the project.

Department of Transportation – Contact Stephen Bayer 302-760-4834

- The applicant should expect a requirement that all PLUS and Technical Advisory Committee (TAC) comments be addressed prior to submitting plans for review.
- Please be advised that the Standard General Notes have been updated and posted to the DelDOT website. Please begin using the new versions and look for the revision dates of March 21, 2019 and March 16, 2021. The notes can be found at https://www.deldot.gov/Business/subdivisions/

Department of Natural Resources and Environmental Control – Contact Beth Krumrine 302-735-3480

Stormwater Management

- Please note that there is a steep grade draining directly toward Duck Creek. The applicant should work with the delegated agency to ensure a stabilized outlet and to safeguard against excess sediment input into the receiving stream.
- Where the site and soil conditions allow, integrate runoff reduction techniques including infiltration basins, bioretention (rain gardens), filter strips, and pavers to encourage on-site stormwater infiltration and reduce runoff.
- For improved stormwater management, preserve existing trees, wetlands, and passive open space.

Plan review agency contact: New Castle County Department of Land Use at (302) 395-5400.
Website: https://www.newcastlede.gov/2420/Land-Use

General stormwater contact: DNREC Sediment and Stormwater Program at (302) 739-9921.
E-mail: DNREC.Stormwater@delaware.gov.
Website: https://dnrec.delaware.gov/watershed-stewardship/sediment-stormwater/

Drainage

- All existing drainage ditches on the property should be evaluated for function and cleaned, if needed, prior to the construction of the project.

- Environmental permits or exemptions may be required by the County Conservation District (Standard Plan), the DNREC Sediment and Stormwater Program (eNOI/NOT), Army Corp of Engineers, and/or DNREC Wetlands and Waterways Section prior to clearing and/or excavating ditch channels.

- All precautions should be taken to ensure the project does not hinder any off-site drainage upstream of the project or create any off-site drainage problems downstream by the release of on-site storm water.

  Contact: DNREC Drainage Program at (302) 855-1930.
  Website: https://dnrec.delaware.gov/drainage-stormwater/

Forested Wetlands, Key Wildlife Habitat, and Vegetated Buffer Zones

Maps from the Statewide Wetlands Mapping Project indicate the potential presence of forested wetlands on the southern portion of the site. This habitat type is known to support an array of plants and animals, most notably wetland dependent species such as amphibians.

The wetland on this property is mapped as a Key Wildlife Habitat in the Delaware Wildlife Action Plan because it is part of a large, forested wetland complex that can support an array of plant and animal species across the landscape.

To reduce impacts to these species, the following is recommended:

- Key Wildlife Habitat should be conserved to the maximum extent practicable and negative impacts should be minimized.

- Maintain an upland buffer of at least 100 feet along all wetlands, waterways, and sensitive habitats, including those containing existing forest or natural vegetative cover.
- Vegetated buffer zones should be identified outside of the Limit of Disturbance on the engineering plans.

- Maintain vegetated buffer zones as native species meadows or forest.
- Vegetated buffer zones should be deeded as community open space and not contained within any lot lines. Signage should be installed at the edge and within the buffer zones to deter residents from encroaching into these common areas.
- Maintain habitat connections to undeveloped open space, which are especially important for species movement across the landscape.

Contact: DNREC Division of Fish and Wildlife, Species Conservation and Research Program at (302) 735-3600. Website: https://dnrec.delaware.gov/fish-wildlife/conservation/

Special Flood Hazard Area

- As proposed, locate all structures outside of the floodplain. If this is not possible, the developer should consider designing structures to a higher standard to avoid potential future flood damage and loss.

Contact: DNREC Shoreline and Waterway Management Section at (302) 608-5500.
Website: https://dnrec.delaware.gov/watershed-stewardship/waterways/floodplains/

Sea Level Rise

The southern portion of this site is vulnerable to permanent inundation from sea level rise. While these areas are being avoided in the site design, please note that mean sea levels are projected to rise by 0.7 – 1.9 feet; by end of century sea levels are projected to increase by 1.7 – 5.0 feet. In addition to permanent inundation, as mean sea levels rise, the frequency and severity of tidal flooding events is expected to increase.

- As proposed, in areas within 5 feet of expected sea level rise, avoid construction of permanent structures and infrastructure. All infrastructure and structures on the site should incorporate the effects of sea level rise through the expected lifespan of the structures. This may include increasing freeboard of structures, ensuring that critical infrastructure is elevated to withstand future sea level rise, construction of flood control measures, and incorporating green infrastructure for flood control.

Contact: DNREC Climate and Sustainability Section at (302) 735-3480.
Website: https://dnrec.delaware.gov/coastal-programs/planning-training/adapting-to-sea-level-rise/

Sustainable Practices

- Incorporate nonmotorized connectivity and install bicycle racks and covered bike storage where feasible to help facilitate non-vehicular travel modes.

- Use renewable energy infrastructure such as solar or geothermal to reduce energy costs and further reduce pollution created from offsite generation. Grant funds and incentives are available for Delmarva Power customers through the DNREC Green Energy Fund, which includes several funding types through the state's major electric utilities (https://dnrec.delaware.gov/climate-coastal-energy/renewable/assistance/).

- Consider planting select areas with native trees. Native trees improve air, water, and soil quality. Planting and nurturing trees is also a nature-based solution to reducing the greenhouse gases that drive climate change. In addition, native trees have an increasingly important role in the survival of native birds and beneficial insects whose habitat is shrinking due to development and climate change.

- Use efficient Energy Star rated products and materials in construction and redevelopment. Energy efficient appliances use less energy over time. This saves consumers and businesses money, while also helping to reduce pollution from power generation.

- Use structural paint coatings that are low in Volatile Organic Compounds to help protect air quality. Air pollution from new construction is generated through the use of maintenance equipment, paints, and consumer products like roof coatings and primers.

- Use recycled materials, such as reclaimed asphalt pavement, to reduce heat island effects on paved surfaces, prevent landfill waste, and lower material costs.

Contact: DNREC Division of Climate, Coastal & Energy at (302) 735-3480.
Website: https://dnrec.delaware.gov/climate-coastal-energy/

Delaware Emergency Management Agency – Contact Phillip Cane 302-659-2325

Population

- The county has a population density of 1,321.50 persons per square mile based on the US 2020 Census report: an increase from 2010 at 1,241.00 persons per square mile. The specific census block(s) the project is located on has a total population of 3 persons,

though, with development, this will undoubtedly change. The 14 adjacent blocks aggregated bring the area to a total population of 475 persons.

FEMA National Risk Index

- The FEMA National Risk Index is an online mapping application that identifies communities most at risk to 18 natural hazards: Avalanche, Coastal Flooding, Cold Wave, Drought, Earthquake, Hail, Heat Wave, Hurricane, Ice Storm, Landslide, Lightning, Riverine Flooding, Strong Wind, Tornado, Tsunami, Volcanic Activity, Wildfire, and Winter Weather. The FEMA National Risk Index is calculated by multiplying the Expected Annual Loss times the Social Vulnerability and dividing that by the Community Resilience.



- According to FEMA's National Risk Index, the parcel **is** considered **very low** for overall natural hazards risks.

- Community Resilience is a consequence reduction risk component and a community risk factor that represents the ability of a community to prepare for anticipated natural hazards, adapt to changing conditions and withstand/recover rapidly from disruptions. Social Vulnerability is a consequence-enhancing risk factor that represents the susceptibility of social groups to the adverse impacts of natural hazards.

- Its community resilience is rated as **relatively high** whereas its social vulnerability is rated as **very low.**

Renewable Energy Commitment

- Regarding energy use and consumption, the census tract utilizes **electricity** as the predominant fuel type for heating purposes.

- DEMA strongly encourages the use of renewable energies and high-efficiency appliances and utilities. Regarding utilities, DEMA suggests incorporating 90% series furnaces/HVAC systems; the closer to 99%, the better, as well as A/C units of 20 Seer or greater. DEMA recommends using tankless water heaters, and battery backup systems for sump pumps to reduce potential water damage from power failure. Lastly, DEMA encourages the integration of modern and emerging technologies, such as the potential for electric

vehicles in garages/parking lots, green roofs or solar panels where applicable and allowable, and the like.

- In reference to the flood zones, DEMA strongly discourages construction of any type directly adjacent to or within proximity to a 100-year floodplain as water knows no bounds. Regardless of whether within or adjacent to a floodplain, should construction continue, we recommend utilizing additional mitigation strategies to reduce the risk from flooding. This could include, but isn't limited to, wet/dry floodproofing, elevating the home out of the flood plain, elevating mechanicals/HVAC/Electricity out of the flood waters, mass notification systems, large drainage systems (increased diameter pipes, ditches, basins, etc.) and other similar methods.

- Lastly, in reference to the county evacuation zones, DEMA encourages this information be made readily available to any and all persons residing there. This can be done simply through pamphlets or a neighborhood sign.

Delaware State Housing Authority - Contact Rachel Alfano (302) 739-4263

- DSHA supports the proposal to construct a 434-unit mixed-use development on 57.53 acres in the town of Smyrna. This is a market rate project with a rental and ownership target market offering different housing types.

- This project is in a stable area according to our Housing Reform Map. This map shows the distribution of affordable housing throughout the state. Stable areas should be supporting a balance of market-rate units with subsidized housing and diverse housing types. Link to Interactive Map.

- DSHA encourages the addition of sidewalks and bike paths to ensure the residents have easy access to its surrounding amenities.

If you have questions or would like more information on the above recommendations, please feel free to e-mail at Rachel.Alfano@Delaware.gov.

Delaware State Fire Marshall's Office – Contact Duane Fox 302-739-4394
Preliminary meetings with fire protection specialists are encouraged prior to formal submittal. Please call for appointment. Applications and brochures can be downloaded from our website: www.statefiremarshal.delaware.gov, technical services link, plan review, applications or brochures.

- The Agency would prefer to review the pool and clubhouse as a separate submittal. Using a future phase option on the original shows the place holder for the amenity.

Following receipt of this letter and upon filing of an application with the local jurisdiction, the applicant shall provide to the local jurisdiction and the Office of State Planning Coordination a written response to comments received as a result of the pre-application process, noting whether comments were incorporated into the project design or not and the reason, therefore.

Thank you for the opportunity to review this project. If you have any questions, please contact me at 302-739-3090.

Sincerely,



David L. Edgell, AICP
Director, Office of State Planning Coordination