STATE OF DELAWARE
OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET
OFFICE OF STATE PLANNING COORDINATION

February 20, 2025

Eric W Wahl
Pennoni Associates, Inc
18072 Davidson Dr.
Milton, DE 19968

RE: PLUS review – 2025-01-03; PLUS ID; Greenwood Concept Plan

Dear Mr. Wahl:

Thank you for meeting with State agency planners on January 22, 2025, to discuss Greenwood Concept Plan. According to the information received, you are seeking review of a proposed for a concept plan involving the construction of a 272-unit multifamily development with a designated future area for commercial units. The 39.58-acre site, currently vacant and used for agricultural purposes, is zoned HC (Highway Commercial) and classified as State Strategies Levels 2 and 3.

Please note that changes to the plan, other than those suggested in this letter, could result in additional comments from the State. Additionally, these comments reflect only issues that are the responsibility of the agencies represented at the meeting. **The developers will also need to comply with any Federal, State, and local regulations regarding this property. We also note that Town of Greenwood is the governing authority over this land, the developers will need to comply with any and all regulations/restrictions set forth by the Town.**

Strategies for State Policies and Spending

This project is located within Investment Levels 2 and 3 according to the 2020 Strategies for State Policies and Spending. This site is also located in the Town of Greenwood.

Based on its location in a Level 2 and Level 3 investment area, this project may be consistent with the 2020 Strategies for State Policies and Spending. Investment Level 2 reflects areas where growth is anticipated by local, county, and state plans in the near-term future. Investment Level 3 reflects areas where growth is anticipated by local, county, and state plans in the longer-term future, or areas that may have environmental or other constraints to development.

If, as noted by State agencies, this parcel contains environmental concerns or other constraints to development, the state requests that the applicant and the local jurisdiction work with state agencies to design the site with respect to those environmental features which will help create a more sustainable development.

Code Requirements/Agency Permitting Requirements

Office of State Planning Coordination - Contact Dorothy Morris 302-739-3090

This parcel is identified on the Greenwood Comprehensive Plan Future Land Use map as commercial and according to the application it is currently zoned commercial. The developer will need to determine if the residential planned for this site is allowable under the commercial zoning or in a rezoning will be required. If a rezoning is required for this development, the owner should contact the Town of Greenwood to determine if a comprehensive plan amendment is required. If so, the comprehensive plan amendment must be reviewed by the PLUS and acted upon before the rezoning can take place.

Department of Transportation – Contact Stephen Bayer 302-760-4834

- The site access on Rt. 13 must be designed in accordance with DelDOT's Development Coordination Manual, which is available at http://www.deldot.gov/Business/subdivisions/index.shtml?dc=changes.

- The location proposes 2 access points on to Rt. 13. Rt. 13, at this location, is within an area regulated by the Corridor Capacity Preservation Program (CCPP). See Section 1.2 of DelDOT's Development Coordination Manual and Section 145, Title 17 of the Delaware Code for additional, specific information on the CCPP. The goal of the Program is to maintain the capacity of the existing highway by managing access along it.

    - According to the Office of State Planning Coordination's Strategies for State Policies and Spending, the property is located predominantly within a Level 2 Investment Area. Direct access to the corridor may be permitted if reasonable alternative access, either to an existing secondary road or through an adjacent property, is not available.

- Pursuant to Section P.3 of the Manual, a Pre-Submittal Meeting is required before plans are submitted for review.

- Section P.5 of the Manual addresses fees that are assessed for the review of development proposals. DelDOT anticipates collecting the Initial Stage Fee when the record plan is submitted for review and the Construction Stage Fee when construction

plans are submitted for review.

- In terms of traffic analysis and based on the expected trip generation this project would require a Traffic Impact Study (TIS). Please contact the DelDOT offices to move forward with this process.

- As necessary, in accordance with Section 3.2.5 and Figure 3.2.5-a of the Development Coordination Manual, DelDOT will require dedication of right-of-way along the site's frontage on Rt. 13. By this regulation, this dedication is to provide a minimum of 30 feet of right-of-way from the outside edge of the northbound travel lanes. The following right-of-way dedication note is required, "An X-foot wide right-of-way is hereby dedicated to the State of Delaware, as per this plat."

- In accordance with Section 3.2.5.1.2 of the Manual, DelDOT will require the establishment of a 15-foot wide permanent easement across the property frontage on Rt. 13. The location of the easement shall be outside the limits of the ultimate right-of-way. The easement area can be used as part of the open space calculation for the site. The following note is required, "A 15-foot wide permanent easement is hereby established for the State of Delaware, as per this plat."

- Section 3.5.4.2 of the Development Coordination Manual addresses requirements for Shared Use Paths (SUP) and sidewalks. For projects in Level 1 and 2 Investment Areas, installation of paths or sidewalks along the frontage on State-maintained roads is required. DelDOT anticipates requiring a SUP along the site frontage with Rt. 13.

DART First State – Contact Jared Kauffman 302-576-6062

- DART would prefer to wait for the commercial development to happen before establishing a stop here or to construct the stop ourselves if the commercial part doesn't develop. Thus, in order for DART to construct a future stop, there can't be barriers between the SUP and roadway, like a ditch or fence. If there must be some sort of barrier, coordinate with DART to locate an area that an accommodation can be made

Department of Natural Resources and Environmental Control – Contact Beth Krumrine 302-735-3480

Staff from the Delaware Department of Natural Resources and Environmental Control (DNREC) reviewed the project submitted for PLUS review. The absence of comments regarding specific resources does not indicate that there are not additional constraints or environmental issues on site, nor does it indicate DNREC support of a project.

Special Flood Hazard Area
According to the newest Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRM), a portion of this parcel is situated within a Special Flood Hazard Area, specifically within the mapped 100-year floodplain (1% annual chance of flooding). The Special Flood Hazard Area identified on the site lies within zone AE. In lands contained within the 100-year floodplain, the National Flood Insurance Program's floodplain management regulations must be enforced through the local floodplain ordinance, which can have higher standards. Structures and features such as residences and internal roadways are proposed within the floodplain. Homeowners with mortgages for homes within the floodplain may be required to purchase flood insurance. Although some of the homes are proposed outside of the Special Flood Hazard Area (SFHA), they may still be required by lenders to purchase flood insurance, based on the proximity to the SFHA.

A portion of this site is also situated within the moderate risk floodplain, or 500-year floodplain (0.2% annual chance of flooding), identified as a shaded zone-X.

- The applicant must comply with the local floodplain ordinance and regulations applicable to development or construction within the 100-year floodplain. In determining the boundary of the floodplain, use the most recent FIRM maps available, which can be found at https://floodplanning.dnrec.delaware.gov/

- If fill is to be placed in floodplain to increase grade elevation to raise proposed development out of the mapped floodplain, the applicant must work with the local community floodplain authority to initiate a Certified Letter of Map Revision – Fill (CLOMR-Fill) request. A CLOMR-Fill request should be submitted to FEMA for review followed by an application to FEMA for a Letter of Map Revision (LOMR) at completion. Please note that a property will not be officially recognized by FEMA as being located out of the mapped floodplain until a LOMR has been issued. To determine the community floodplain authority for this proposal, please contact DNREC's Shoreline and Waterway Management Section.

  Contact: DNREC Shoreline and Waterway Management Section at (302) 608-5500.
  Website: https://dnrec.delaware.gov/watershed-stewardship/waterways/floodplains/

Stormwater Management
The project proposes greater than 5,000 square feet of land disturbing activities and will be subject to Delaware's *Sediment and Stormwater Regulations*.

- A Sediment and Stormwater Plan must be developed, then approved by the appropriate plan review agency, prior to any land disturbing activity taking place on the site. For this project, the plan review agency is the Sussex Conservation District.

- Additionally, to address federal requirements, construction activities that exceed 1.0 acre of land disturbance require Construction General Permit coverage through submittal of an electronic Notice of Intent for Stormwater Discharges Associated with Construction Activity. This form must be submitted electronically https://enoi.dnrec.delaware.gov/, (select Construction Stormwater General Permit) to the DNREC Division of Watershed Stewardship, along with the $195 fee.

- Schedule a project application meeting with the appropriate plan review agency prior to moving forward with the stormwater and site design. As part of this process, you must submit a Stormwater Assessment Study.

Plan review agency contact: Sussex Conservation District at (302) 856-2105 or (302) 856-7219. Website: https://www.sussexconservation.org/

General Stormwater contact: DNREC Sediment and Stormwater Program at (302) 739-9921.
E-mail: DNREC.Stormwater@delaware.gov.
Website: https://dnrec.delaware.gov/watershed-stewardship/sediment-stormwater/

Tax Ditches
The Main Prong of the Nanticoke River Tax Ditch lies on the eastern portion of the site. Tax ditches are man-made channels created to move normal water flow off agricultural lands. These channels have associated tax ditch Rights-of-Way (ROW) that are utilized for access as well as sediment and debris disposal during maintenance. Tax ditch ROWs vary by channel size and location. The Main Prong of the Nanticoke River Tax Ditch has a 92.5-foot to Centerline (CL) ROW extending into the project boundary.

- If the site and/or stormwater management features are designed to discharge into Main Prong of the Nanticoke River Tax Ditch, located along the eastern property boundary, design must consider existing conditions versus design specifications. Please consult with the DNREC Drainage Program for As-Built design information if necessary.

- Contact the DNREC Drainage Program to discuss the on-site tax ditch ROWs prior to the project application meeting with the appropriate plan review agency for construction stormwater management.

- Permanent obstructions including, but not limited to, stormwater management facilities, buildings, sheds, streets, wells, and septic systems are not allowed within the tax ditch ROWs.

- Existing tax ditches on the property must be surveyed and compared to tax ditch design specifications for effective function. The channel should be cleared or excavated prior to the construction of the project if needed.

- All precautions should be taken to ensure the project does not hinder any off-site drainage upstream or create any off-site drainage problems downstream due to increases in stormwater.

Contact: DNREC Drainage Program at (302) 855-1930.
Website: https://dnrec.delaware.gov/drainage-stormwater/
Tax Ditch Mapper: de.gov/taxditchmap
Tax Ditch guidelines:
https://documents.dnrec.delaware.gov/swc/Drainage/Documents/Tax-Ditch-Land-Development-Guidelines.pdf

Excellent Groundwater Recharge Area
An Excellent Groundwater Recharge Area is located on the entire site. These areas have soils that are conducive to water infiltrating downward from surface water into groundwater. Preservation of these areas is important for replenishing groundwater supplies and ensuring drinking water for future generations.

- The applicant must comply with all county and municipal requirements for construction and uses in Excellent Groundwater Recharge Areas.

Contact: DNREC Source Water Assessment and Protection Program at (302) 739-9945.
Website: https://dnrec.delaware.gov/water/commercial-government/public-water/

Wastewater Disposal Systems – Large Systems
For wastewater conveyance offsite by way of a new sewer connection, flow rates exceeding 2,500 gallons of liquid waste per day will require a Wastewater Pollution Collection and Conveyance (WPCC) permit from the Commercial and Government Services section.

Contact: DNREC Commercial and Government Services Section at (302) 739-9948.
Website: https://dnrec.delaware.gov/water/commercial-government/

Wetlands and Waterways
Maps from the Statewide Wetlands Mapping Project indicate the potential presence of non-tidal wetlands in the eastern portion of the site, as well as a potential blue line stream located along the eastern property boundary. The application indicates that wetlands have been delineated. The application states that the project does not propose direct impacts to the wetlands/waterways.

State Requirements:

- If plans change and wetlands are disturbed, please contact the Wetlands and Waterways Section for more information on permitting requirements.

State Contact: DNREC Wetlands and Waterways Section at (302) 739-9943.
Website: https://dnrec.delaware.gov/water/wetlands/

Electric Vehicle Charging Requirements
Electric vehicle charging infrastructure is now required for all residential dwellings in Delaware (see 80 Del. Laws, c. 145 § 8001- § 8006) for which:

1. A building permit is issued on or after January 1, 2024 (single family), or

2. The final site plan is approved on or after January 1, 2025 (multi-family).

Requirements are summarized below. Consult the Delaware Code directly for further details.

Multi-family Dwellings, effective 2025:

- The developer of a multi-family residential dwelling shall install electric vehicle parking spaces, where at least 5% of the total parking spaces for the multi-family residential dwelling must be electric vehicle capable parking spaces.

- In addition, a developer of a multi-family residential dwelling shall provide at least one electric vehicle charging infrastructure parking space in an area available for use by all residents of the multi-family residential dwelling (example: community centers).

- Construction documents must indicate the location of proposed electric vehicle charging infrastructure parking spaces and electric vehicle capable parking spaces.

- Parking space dimensions must comply with the county or municipal building code applicable to the multi-family residential dwelling.

Delaware Emergency Management Agency – Contact Phillip Cane 302-659-2325

Proposed Project Parcel Flood Concern

- The majority of this parcel is located within an area of **Minimal Flood Concern of 1000 years or greater**; however there are portions along the east and southern sides that fall inside a 100-year or 1% Annual Chance Flood Hazard identified as Special Flood Hazard Area Flood Zone AE.

Parcel Status within County Evacuation Zone Location

- The parcel is not yet located within a Sussex County Evacuation Zone.

Parcel Status within the 10-mile Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) for the Salem Nuclear Power Plant

- The parcel **is not** located within the 10-mile EPZ for the Salem Nuclear Power Plant.

State Historic Preservation Office – Contact Carlton Hall 302-736-7400

- There is an archaeological site on the western portion of the parcel. The parcel borders the Nanticoke River. There is a known archaeological site within the parcel.

- The parcel has a range of soils from excessively drained to very poorly drained. Based on the presence of a site on the parcel and others nearby, we recommend an archaeological survey prior to any ground disturbing activities. If any project or development proceeds, the developer should be aware of the Unmarked Human Burials and Human Skeletal Remains Law (Del. C. Title 7, Ch.54).

  If there are any questions, inquiries, or concerns, feel free to contact the Delaware State Historic Preservation Office for assistance at 302-736-7400.

Delaware State Fire Marshall's Office – Contact Duane Fox 302-739-4394
This document is for information purposes only and does not constitute any type of approval from the Delaware State Fire Marshal's Office.

Fire Protection Water Requirements:

- Water distribution system capable of delivering at least 1000 gpm for 1-hour duration, at 20-psi residual pressure is required. Fire hydrants with 800 feet spacing on centers. (Townhouses)

- One- and Two-Family dwellings are required by law to offer the homeowner an automatic sprinkler system, therefore infrastructure should accommodate water needs.

- Where a water distribution system is proposed for the site, the infrastructure for fire protection water shall be provided, including the size of water mains for fire hydrants and sprinkler systems.

Fire Protection Features:

- For townhouse buildings, provide a section / detail and the UL design number of the 2-hour fire rated separation wall on the Site plan.

Accessibility

- All premises, which the fire department may be called upon to protect in case of fire, and which are not readily accessible from public roads, shall be provided with suitable gates and access roads, and fire lanes so that all buildings on the premises are accessible to fire apparatus. This means that the access road to the subdivision from Sussex Highway and Gorlich Lane must be constructed so fire department apparatus may negotiate it.

- Fire department access shall be provided in such a manner so that fire apparatus will be able to locate within 100 ft. of the front door.

- Any dead-end road more than 300 feet in length shall be provided with a turn-around or cul-de-sac arranged such that fire apparatus will be able to turn around by making not more than one backing maneuver. The minimum paved radius of the cul-de-sac shall be 38 feet. The dimensions of the cul-de-sac or turn-around shall be shown on the final plans. Also, please be advised that parking is prohibited in the cul-de-sac or turn around.

- The use of speed bumps or other methods of traffic speed reduction must be in accordance with Department of Transportation requirements.

- The local Fire Chief, prior to any submission to our Agency, shall approve in writing the use of gates that limit fire department access into and out of the development or property.

Gas Piping and System Information:

- Provide type of fuel proposed and show locations of bulk containers on plan.

Required Notes:

- Provide a note on the final plans submitted for review to read “All fire lanes, fire hydrants, and fire department connections shall be marked in accordance with the Delaware State Fire Prevention Regulations.”

- Proposed Use

- Alpha or Numerical Labels for each building/unit for sites with multiple buildings/units

- Square footage of each structure (Total of all Floors)

- National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Construction Type

- Maximum Height of Buildings (including number of stories)

- Townhouse 2-hr separation wall details shall be shown on site plans

- Note indicating if building is to be sprinklered

- Name of Water Provider
- Letter from Water Provider approving the system layout
- Provide Lock Box Note (as detailed in DSFPR) if Building is to be sprinklered
- Provide Road Names, even for County Roads

Recommendations/Additional Information

This section includes a list of site-specific suggestions that are intended to enhance the project. These suggestions have been generated by the State Agencies based on their expertise and subject area knowledge. **These suggestions do not represent State code requirements.** They are offered here in order to provide proactive ideas to help the applicant enhance the site design, and it is hoped **(but in no way required)** that the applicant will open a dialogue with the relevant agencies to discuss how these suggestions can benefit the project.

Department of Transportation – Contact Stephen Bayer 302-760-4834

- The applicant should expect a requirement that all PLUS and Technical Advisory Committee (TAC) comments be addressed prior to submitting plans for review.

- Please be advised that the Standard General Notes have been updated and posted to the DelDOT website. Please begin using the new versions and look for the revision dates of March 21, 2019 and March 16, 2021. The notes can be found at https://www.deldot.gov/Business/subdivisions/

Department of Natural Resources and Environmental Control – Contact Beth Krumrine 302-735-3480

Special Flood Hazard Area

- Locate all structures outside of the floodplain. If this is not possible, the developer should consider designing structures to a higher standard to avoid potential future flood damage and loss.

- Specifically, it is not recommended to place in the floodplain roadways that are essential for first responders in the event of an emergency. Roadways in the floodplain could become impassable during major flooding events. Safe access to such locations should be ensured at all times.

Contact: DNREC Shoreline and Waterway Management Section at (302) 608-5500.
Website: https://dnrec.delaware.gov/watershed-stewardship/waterways/floodplains/

Removal of Mature Forest

The preliminary plan proposes the elimination of approximately 11 of 19 acres of forest on the site. An analysis of historical data indicates that the forest area located on the northern portion of the site has likely maintained some degree of forest cover since 1937 and could be considered mature forest. Mature forests possess the potential for rare, threatened, or endangered species that rely on this type of habitat. Forests filter water for improved water quality, provide habitat for wildlife, absorb nutrients, infiltrate stormwater, moderate temperatures, and store atmospheric carbon which would otherwise contribute to climate change.

- Removing forested areas for development, especially mature forests, should be avoided to the greatest extent possible.

- In general, contiguous forest and connected areas of natural habitat are more beneficial to wildlife, allowing for safer movement from one area to another while reducing roadway mortality.

- To reduce impacts to nesting birds and other wildlife species that utilize forests for breeding, it is recommended that tree clearing not occur from April 1st to July 31st.

Contact: DNREC Division of Fish and Wildlife, Species Conservation and Research Program at (302) 735-3600.
Website: https://dnrec.delaware.gov/fish-wildlife/contact-information/

Forested Wetlands and Vegetated Buffer Zones

Maps from the Statewide Wetlands Mapping Project indicate the potential presence of forested wetlands on the eastern portion of the site. This habitat type is known to support an array of plants and animals, most notably wetland dependent species such as amphibians.

There is potential for a unique and uncommon wetland feature, referred to as a coastal plain seasonal pond, to exist in the forested area(s) of this parcel. Some rare amphibian species breed exclusively in these types of wetlands due to the absence of fish to prey upon their eggs and larvae.

To reduce impacts to these species, the following is recommended:

- As proposed, do not disturb forested wetlands. Increase upland buffer to at least 100 feet along all wetlands, waterways, and sensitive habitats, except tax ditches, including those containing existing forest or natural vegetative cover.

- Maintain habitat connections to undeveloped open space, which are especially important for species movement across the landscape.

Contact: DNREC Division of Fish and Wildlife, Species Conservation and Research Program at (302) 735-3600. Website: https://dnrec.delaware.gov/fish-wildlife/conservation/

State-listed Endangered Species
The following animal is listed as a State of Delaware endangered species and may be present within the project area.

- The Tiger Salamander (*Ambystoma tigrinum*) is an amphibian listed as endangered in the State of Delaware.

- To minimize negative impacts to these species, we recommend that natural habitats be conserved to the maximum extent practicable.

Contact: DNREC Division of Fish and Wildlife, Species Conservation and Research Program at (302) 735-3600. Website: https://dnrec.delaware.gov/fish-wildlife/conservation/

Stormwater Management
- Where the site and soil conditions allow, integrate runoff reduction techniques including infiltration basins, bioretention (rain gardens), filter strips, and pavers to encourage on-site stormwater infiltration and reduce runoff.

- For improved stormwater management, preserve existing trees, wetlands, and passive open space.

Plan review agency contact: Sussex Conservation District at (302) 856-2105 or (302) 856-7219. Website: https://www.sussexconservation.org/

General stormwater contact: DNREC Sediment and Stormwater Program at (302) 739-9921.
E-mail: DNREC.Stormwater@delaware.gov.
Website: https://dnrec.delaware.gov/watershed-stewardship/sediment-stormwater/

Tax Ditches
- All existing ditches on the property should be evaluated for function and cleaned, if needed, prior to the construction of the project.

- Environmental permits or exemptions may be required by the County Conservation District (Standard Plan), the DNREC Sediment and Stormwater Program (eNOI/NOT), Army Corp of Engineers, and/or DNREC Wetlands and Waterways Section prior to

clearing and/or excavating ditch channels.

Contact: DNREC Drainage Program at (302) 855-1930.
Website: https://dnrec.delaware.gov/drainage-stormwater/
Tax Ditch Mapper: de.gov/taxditchmap
Tax Ditch guidelines: https://documents.dnrec.delaware.gov/swc/Drainage/Documents/Tax-Ditch-Land-Development-Guidelines.pdf

Water Quality
This site lies within the Nanticoke River Watershed. Surface water quality in this watershed does not meet Federal and/or State Water Quality Standards and a Pollution Control Strategy is in place for this watershed.

- Implement vegetated buffers with a width of at least 100 feet around all water features on or adjacent to the site.
- Reduce impervious surfaces on the project site by eliminating areas of impervious pavement and/or using pervious pavement where practicable. Break up large parking lots with planted islands.
- Reduce stormwater runoff by integrating infiltration basins, bioretention (rain gardens), filter strips, and by preserving existing trees, wetlands, and passive open space.
- Reduce the necessity for nutrient application by maintaining open space as meadow or forest planted exclusively with native plants. Native plants are well-suited to our climate and require limited maintenance.

Contact: DNREC Division of Watershed Stewardship's Watershed Assessment Section at (302) 739-9939. https://dnrec.alpha.delaware.gov/watershed-stewardship/

Excellent Groundwater Recharge Area
- For Excellent Groundwater Recharge Areas, limit impervious surfaces to no more than 20% of the entire area designated as having excellent recharge.

Contact: DNREC Public Water Supply Protection Program at (302) 739-9948.
Website: https://dnrec.delaware.gov/water/commercial-government/public-water/

Sustainable Practices
- To improve public safety and the wellbeing of future residents, follow all recommendations above regarding flooding.
- Incorporate nonmotorized connectivity and install bicycle racks and covered bike storage where feasible to help facilitate non-vehicular travel modes.

- Use renewable energy infrastructure such as solar or geothermal to reduce energy costs and further reduce pollution created from offsite generation. Grant funds and incentives are available for Delmarva Power customers through the DNREC Green Energy Fund, which includes several funding types through the state's major electric utilities (https://dnrec.delaware.gov/climate-coastal-energy/renewable/assistance/).

- Consider planting select areas with native trees. Native trees improve air, water, and soil quality. Planting and nurturing trees is also a nature-based solution to reducing the greenhouse gases that drive climate change. In addition, native trees have an increasingly important role in the survival of native birds and beneficial insects whose habitat is shrinking due to development and climate change.

- Consider planting select areas with meadow comprised of native species. Native plants are well-suited to our climate and require limited maintenance. Mowing in these areas should not occur between April 1st to July 31st to reduce impacts to nesting birds and other wildlife species that utilize meadows and grasslands for breeding habitat.

- Use efficient Energy Star rated products and materials in construction and redevelopment. Energy efficient appliances use less energy over time. This saves consumers and businesses money, while also helping to reduce pollution from power generation.

- Use structural paint coatings that are low in Volatile Organic Compounds to help protect air quality. Air pollution from new construction is generated through the use of maintenance equipment, paints, and consumer products like roof coatings and primers.

- Use recycled materials, such as reclaimed asphalt pavement, to reduce heat island effects on paved surfaces, prevent landfill waste, and lower material costs.

Contact: DNREC Division of Climate, Coastal & Energy at (302) 735-3480.
Website: https://dnrec.delaware.gov/climate-coastal-energy/

Delaware Emergency Management Agency – Contact Phillip Cane 302-659-2325

Population

- The county has a population density of 265.60 per square mile based on the US 2020 Census report; an increase from 2010 at 208.90 persons per square mile. The specific census block(s) the project is located on has a total population of 3, though, with development, this will undoubtedly change. The 10 adjacent blocks aggregated bring the area to a total population of 135.

FEMA National Risk Index

- The FEMA National Risk Index is an online mapping application that identifies communities most at risk to 18 natural hazards: Avalanche, Coastal Flooding, Cold Wave, Drought, Earthquake, Hal, Heat Wave, Hurricane, Ice Storm, Landslide, Lightning, Riverine Flooding, Strong Wind, Tornado, Tsunami, Volcanic Activity, Wildfire, and Winter Weather. The FEMA National Risk Index is calculated by multiplying the Expected Annual Loss times the Social Vulnerability and dividing that by the Community Resilience.



- According to FEMA's National Risk Index, the parcel **is** considered **relatively high** for overall natural hazards risks.

- Community Resilience is a consequence reduction risk component and a community risk factor that represents the ability of a community to prepare for anticipated natural hazards, adapt to changing conditions and withstand/recover rapidly from disruptions. Social Vulnerability is a consequence-enhancing risk factor that represents the susceptibility of social groups to the adverse impacts of natural hazards.

- Its community resilience is rated as **relatively moderate** whereas its social vulnerability is rated as **relatively high.**

Renewable Energy Commitment

- Regarding energy use and consumption, the census tract utilizes **electricity** as the predominant fuel type for heating purposes.

- DEMA strongly encourages the use of renewable energies and high-efficiency appliances and utilities. Regarding utilities, DEMA suggests incorporating 90% series furnaces/HVAC systems; the closer to 99%, the better, as well as A/C units of 20 Seer or greater. DEMA recommends using tankless water heaters, and battery backup systems for sump pumps to reduce potential water damage from power failure. Lastly, DEMA encourages the integration of modern and emerging technologies, such as the potential for electric vehicles in garages/parking lots, green roofs or solar panels where applicable and allowable, and the like.

- In reference to the flood zones, DEMA strongly discourages construction of any type directly within, adjacent to or within proximity to a 100-year floodplain as water knows no bounds. If the homes are being constructed at flood level or below and a mortgage is obtained, an NFIP insurance policy is also required. Regardless of whether within or adjacent to a floodplain, should construction continue, we recommend utilizing additional mitigation strategies to reduce the risk from flooding. This could include, but isn't limited to, wet/dry floodproofing, elevating the home out of the flood plain, elevating mechanicals/HVAC/Electricity out of the flood waters, mass notification systems, large drainage systems (increased diameter pipes, ditches, basins, etc.) and other similar methods.

Delaware State Housing Authority - Contact Rachel Alfano 302-739-4263

- DSHA supports this proposal for 272-unit multifamily development with future commercial units on 39.58 acres located East of Sussex Highway and West of Naticoke River in Greenwood This proposal is consistent with State Strategy Investment levels 2 & 3.

- According to DSHA's Housing Reform Map, this project is in a Stable Area where diverse housing types should be supported. This market-rate proposal offers higher-density housing options more responsive to household size and a more affordable option to first-time homebuyers. DSHA believes that this development will increase the diversity of housing types in the area and continue to foster balance and stability.

Delaware State Fire Marshall's Office – Contact Duane Fox 302-739-4394
Preliminary meetings with fire protection specialists are encouraged prior to formal submittal. Please call for appointment. Applications and brochures can be downloaded from our website: www.statefiremarshal.delaware.gov, technical services link, plan review, applications or brochures.

Following receipt of this letter and upon filing of an application with the local jurisdiction, the applicant shall provide to the local jurisdiction and the Office of State Planning Coordination a written response to comments received as a result of the pre-application process, noting whether comments were incorporated into the project design or not and the reason, therefore.

Thank you for the opportunity to review this project. If you have any questions, please contact me at 302-739-3090.

Sincerely,

David L. Edgell, AICP
Director, Office of State Planning Coordination